# Statistics GFS Summer Prep Packet

Please do your work on a separate sheet of paper. Bring completed work with you to class at the start of the year. Do your best. Know that you will have an opportunity to ask questions if there are problems that you don't know how to do or don't remember fully. There will be a diagnostic assessment in the first few weeks of class, so that your teacher can assess your understanding. The answers are at the end of the document, so check as you go.

# **Topic: Summation Notation**

http://www.mathsisfun.com/algebra/sigma-notation.html

Example 1:  $\sum_{k=0}^{5} 3k$ 

## **Solution**

$$3(1) + 3(2) + 3(3) + 3(4) + 3(5) =$$

$$3 + 6 + 9 + 12 + 15 = 45$$

Example 2:  $\sum_{k=1}^{4} k^2$ 

### **Solution**

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 = 1 + 4 + 9 + 16 = 30$$

**Directions**: Evaluate each expression. Show work.

A. 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{11} (2k-7)$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

B. 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{9} (8k^2 - 3k)$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

C. 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{10} (4k^2 - 2k + 8)$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

D. 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{100} k$$

## Topic: Slope of a Line (given two points)

http://www.coolmath.com/algebra/08-lines/06-finding-slope-line-given-two-points-01

Slope Formula: 
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

**Example 1**: Find the slope of the line that

passes through (1, 2) and (3, 4).

#### Solution

$$\frac{2-4}{1-3} = \frac{-2}{-2} = 1$$

**Example 2**: Find the slope of the line that passes through (3, 6) and (1, 8).

#### **Solution**

$$\frac{8-6}{1-3} = \frac{2}{-2} = -1$$

Directions: For the problems below, find the slope of the line between each of the two given points. Show work. Write your answer in simplest form.

A. (1, 5) and (7, 8)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

B. (-5, 9) and (5, 11)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

C. (12, 13) and (7, 13)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

D. (-8, 2) and (-8, 7)

### **Topic: Permutations**

https://www.mathsisfun.com/combinatorics/combinations-permutations.html

**Permutation Formula (notation):** 
$$_{n}P = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

Example 1: Evaluate 3P7

**Solution** 

$$\frac{7!}{(7-3)!} = \frac{7!}{4!} = \frac{7(6)(5)(4)(3)(2)(1)}{4(3)(2)(1)} =$$

$$7(6)(5) = 210$$

**Example 2**: How many different ways can first, second, and third place be awarded to 10 people?

**Solution** 

$$r = 3 (1^{st}, 2^{nd}, 3^{rd} place)$$

$$\frac{10!}{(10-3)!} = \frac{10!}{7!} = \frac{10(9)(8)(7)(6)(5)(4)(3)(2)(1)}{7(6)(5)(4)(3)(2)(1)} =$$

$$10(9)(8) = 72010x9x8 = 720$$

**Directions**: Evaluate the following expressions. Show work.

A. 12P3

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

B. **8P**5

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

C. In how many ways can a president, a treasurer and a secretary be chosen from among 7 candidates?

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

D. How many ways can 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th place be awarded to 10 runners?

## **Topic: Combinations**

https://www.mathsisfun.com/combinatorics/combinations-permutations.html

Combination Formula (notation):  $_{n}\zeta = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$ 

Example 1: Evaluate 3C7

## Solution

$$\frac{7!}{(7-3)!3!}$$
  $\frac{7!}{4!3!}$   $\frac{7(6)(5)(4!)}{4!(3)(2)(1)}$ 

$$\frac{7(6)(5)}{3(2)(1)} = \frac{210}{6} = 35$$

**Example 2:** Five cousins at a family reunion decide that three of them will go to pick up a pizza. How many ways can they choose three people to go?

### **Solution**

$$n = 5$$
$$r = 3$$

$$\frac{5!}{(5-3)!3!} = \frac{5!}{2!3!} = \frac{5(4)(3!)}{2(1)(3!)} = \frac{5(4)}{2(1)} = \frac{20}{2} = 10$$

**Directions**: Evaluate the following expressions. Show work.

A. 12C<sub>3</sub>

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

B. 8C<sub>5</sub>

Answer: \_\_\_\_

C. In how many ways can three representatives be chosen from among 7 candidates?

Answer:

D. Problem: From a group of 40 people, a jury of 12 people is selected. In how many different ways can a jury of 12 people be selected?

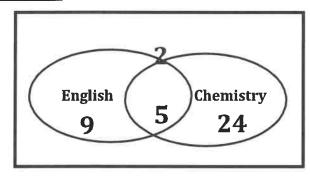
Answer:

### **Topic: Venn Diagrams (2 pages)**

http://www.regentsprep.org/regents/math/algebra/AP2/LVenn.htm

**Example 1**: Out of forty students, 14 are taking English Composition and 29 are taking Chemistry. If five students are in both classes, how many students are in neither class?

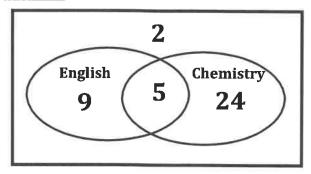
#### **Solution**



Two students are taking neither class.

**Example 2**: Out of forty students, 14 are taking English Composition and 29 are taking Chemistry. If five students are in both classes, how are in either class?

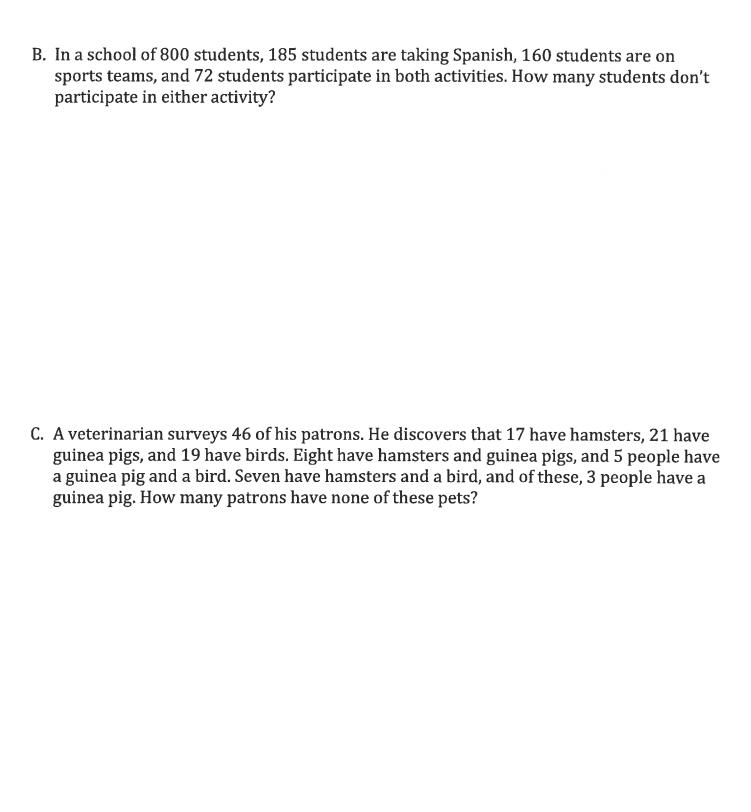
#### **Solution**



There are 38 students in at least one of the classes.

**Directions**: Create a Venn diagram to display the information then solve.

A. In a class of 87 students, 40 take Chorus, 53 take Band, and 16 take both Chorus and Band. How many students in the class are not enrolled in either Chorus or Band?



## Topic: Writing equations of lines (using slope & y-intercept) – 2 pages

http://www.mathsisfun.com/equation of line.html
http://www.regentsprep.org/regents/math/algebra/AC1/EqLines.htm

**Slope Intercept Form:** y = mx + b

**Example 1**: Find the slope of the line that passes through (1, 2) and has a slope of 5.

### **Solution**

Plug in the slope (m) and point (x, y), then solve for b:

$$y = mx + b$$
  
 $2 = 5(1) + b$   
 $2 = 5 + b$   
 $-3 = b$ 

Now take m = 5 and b = -3. Plug them in to write your equation in slope-intercept form:

$$v = 5x - 3$$

**Example 2**: Find the slope of the line that passes through (1, 4) and (3, 10).

#### **Solution**

Find the slope first:  $\frac{10-4}{3-1} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$ 

Use the m = 3 and any point and plug it in to solve for b:

$$y = mx + b$$
  
 $4 = 3(1) + b$   
 $4 = 3 + b$   
 $1 = b$ 

Now take m = 3 and b = 1 and write your equation in slope-intercept form:

$$y = 3x + 1$$

**Directions**: Write the equation of the line using the given information. Show work.

A. Passes through (2, 4); slope of 3

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

B. Passes through (-5, 8);  $m = \frac{1}{5}$ 

C.	Passes	through	(0.	<u>ი</u> ე:	m =	-4
C.	I asses	unougn	ιυ,	υj,	111 —	

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

D. Passes through (5, 1) and (3, 0)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

E. Passes though (-2, 3) and (-2, -1)

Answers

$$(2(1)-7)+2(2)-7)+(2(7)-7)+(2(8)-7)+(2$$

$$= -5 + (-3) + (-1) + (1) + (3) + (5) + (7) + (9) + (11) + (13) + (15)$$

$$= 55$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (8(1)^{2}-8(1))+(8(2)^{2}-8(2))+(8(3)^{2}-8(3))+(8(4)^{2}-8(4))\\ +(8(5)^{2}-8(5))+(8(6)^{2}-8(6))+(8(6)^{2}-8(6))\\ +(8(8)^{2}-8(5))+(8(9)^{2}-8(9)) \end{array}$$

$$= (8-8) + (32-8) + (72-24) + (128-24) + (200-40) + (288-48) + (392-56) + (512-64) + (648-72)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (4(1)^2 - 2(1) + 8) + (4(2)^2 - 2(2) + 8) + (4(3)^2 - 2(3) + 9) \\ + (4(4)^2 - 2(4) + 8) + (4(5)^2 - 2(5) + 9) + (4(6)^2 - 2(6) + 9) \\ + (4(7)^2 - 2(7) + 9) + (4(8)^2 - 2(8) + 8) \\ = (4 - 2 + 8) + (16 - 4 + 8) + (36 - 6 + 8) \\ + (64 - 8 + 8) + (100 - 10 + 8) + (144 - 12 + 8) \\ + (196 - 14 + 8) + (256 - 16 + 8) \\ = 10 + 20 + 38 + 64 + 98 + 140 + 190 + 248 \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{8-5}{7-1} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

B 
$$m = \frac{11-9}{5-60} = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{13-13}{7-12} = \frac{0}{5} = 0$$

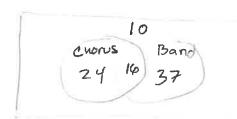
$$\widehat{\mathcal{D}}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
\hline
D \\
10P_4 &= & 10.9.8.7.6.5.4.3.2.1 \\
&= & 10.9.8.7.6.5.4 \\
&= & 6.04,800
\end{array}$$

$$=\frac{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}$$

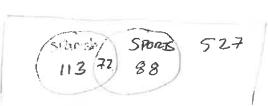
$$C_3 = \frac{7.6.5.4.3.2.1}{4.3.2.1} = \frac{210}{6} = 35$$



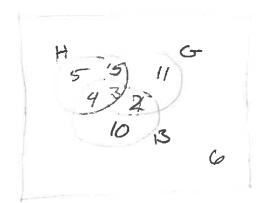


in Students

(3)



527 Students



6 patrons

$$\begin{array}{c} (3) \ y-8-\frac{1}{5}(x+5) \\ y-8-\frac{1}{5}x+1 \\ +8 \\ y=\frac{1}{5}x+9 \end{array}$$

© 
$$y-0 = -4(x-0)$$
  
 $y = -4x$ 

$$M = \frac{0-1}{3-5} = \frac{-1}{-2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

